



PATIENT

Bama Schneider

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mix

SEX

Female Spayed

AGE

13 years

WEIGHT

19.8lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen
Lamy, DVM
DACVIM (Cardiology)

IMAGING

PERFORMED BY

Pamela Harrigan,
RDCS

HOSPITAL NAME

Mass Veterinary
Services

REFERRING VET

Dr. Masloski

INVOICE

22421

DATE

2/8/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Recheck echo. History chronic valvular disease - Stage B2. Currently, Bama is doing well at home with no issues. Good appetite with stable weight and activity level. On auscultation: NSR, grade IV/VI murmur with PMI left apical area radiating to right, PSS, lung fields clear. BP: 190mmHg x 5.

-Current medications: 1) Pimobendan 7.5mg 1/3 tab twice a day 2) Enalapril 2.5mg 1.5 tabs twice a day 3) Benadryl 25mg 1 capsule daily 4) Snip tips *No sedation.

-Pertinent previous echo findings (5/11/21 MML): LA 2.8 cm, LA:Ao 1.7; LV 2.9 cm; mild-moderate LAE; moderate MR; moderate TR (2.6 m/s).

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and Doppler imaging is available.

Left ventricle: The LV diameter is normal with adequate function. LV wall thicknesses are normal.

Left atrium: The left atrium is mild to moderately dilated.

Mitral valve: The mitral valve is thickened with prolapse into the left atrial lumen.

Moderate eccentric mitral regurgitation with a normal velocity.

Aortic valve/Aorta: The aortic valve is normal in morphology and mobility. Normal aortic outflow velocity; laminar flow. No aortic insufficiency.

Right ventricle: Normal right ventricular diameter and morphology indicating no overt evidence of pulmonary arterial hypertension.

Right atrium: Normal RA dimension.

Tricuspid valve: The tricuspid valve appears mildly thickened with moderate tricuspid regurgitation. Velocity consistent with mild pulmonary hypertension.

Pulmonic valve/Pulmonary artery: The pulmonic valve is normal in morphology and mobility. Trace pulmonic insufficiency. Normal RVOT velocity; laminar flow.

Pericardium/other: No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac masses.

Heart rhythm: ECG reveals a sinus rhythm with an average HR of 110bpm.

2-Dimensional Measurements

Ao diam (cm)	1.6
LA diam (cm)	2.7
LA:Ao (Swe)	1.7
IVS thickness (cm)	0.71
LVID diastole (cm)	2.6
PW thickness (cm)	0.75
LVID systole (cm)	1.3
FS (%)	50

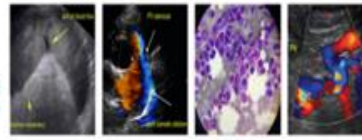
Doppler Measurements

PV Vmax (m/s)	0.82
AoV Vmax (m/s)	1.3
MR Vmax (m/s)	5.5
TR Vmax (m/s)	3.1
TR PG (mmHg)	38

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS

Chronic degenerative valve disease persists with evidence of stability. The left heart is unchanged with stable MR and left heart dimensions. Mild pulmonary hypertension has developed which is of unknown significance in an asymptomatic dog. No additional issues are identified.

Prognosis remains guarded long-term; however, this patient has remained stable for some time which is great news. No additional medications are indicated.



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The reported blood pressure is elevated and should be reassessed for accuracy particularly given no reported clinical signs of severe hypertension (retinal changes, etc.) or evidence of LVH on echo. Ideally obtain serial measurements in a controlled, low stress environment and continue until 3 consecutive readings plateau within 5mmHg of variability. If persistently >180mmHg despite a relatively calm demeanor, recommend institution of amlodipine to effect. Additionally, if deemed accurate, screening for predisposing underlying causes of SHT is recommended (Cushings, PLN, adrenal tumor, etc.), as primary disease is relatively uncommon and a rule out diagnosis.

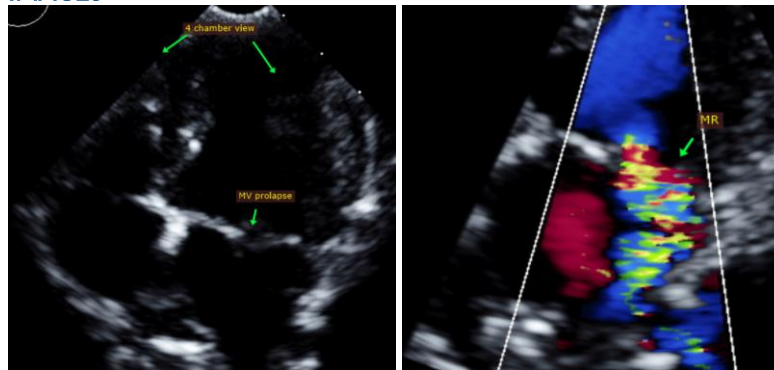
RECOMMENDATIONS

- Continue medications as prescribed.
- Reassess BP as discussed.
- Omega fatty acid supplementation and mild salt restriction may be of some long-term benefit.
- Anesthetic risk is considered mild if needed. Cardiac protective drug choices (opioid/benzodiazepine premedication, propofol or alfaxalone induction, isoflurane gas) are recommended. Pre-oxygenate for 5-10 minutes prior to induction. Monitor for arrhythmias, hypotension, and hypoxia both intra and post-operatively and intervene as necessary. Mild IV fluid restriction is recommended to avoid fluid overload. Avoid heart rate stimulating drugs such as atropine unless clinically indicated.
- Monitor for development of a cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes.

PLAN

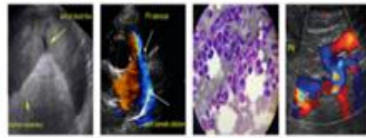
- Recommend conservative monitoring with a recheck echocardiogram in 6 months, sooner if any development of clinical signs.

IMAGES





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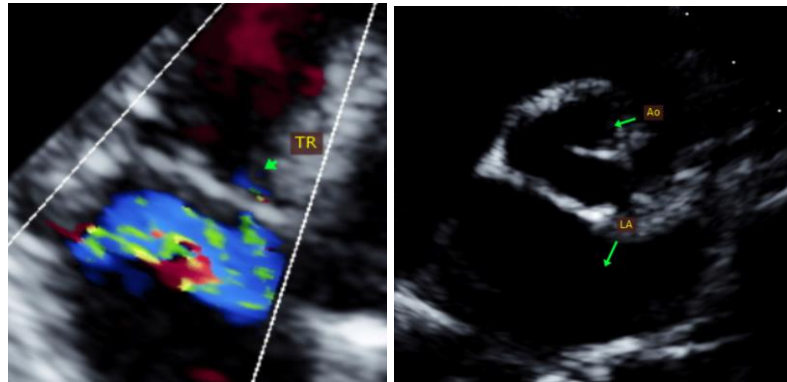
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
Diplomate of the American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine (Cardiology)
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Echocardiogram performed by:

Pamela Harrigan, RDCS
Pet Animal Ultrasound Service (4paus.com)